

- **مشاكل في العدة الدرقية** – سيحكك الطبيب إلى فحص الأداء الوظيفي للعدة الدرقية قبل العلاج باكسي-تيغف وخلاسه. أخبر الطبيب إذا كنت تعاني من أحد الأعراض التالية خلال فترة العلاج باكسي-تيغف: تيب أخذ في التفاقم أو غير عابر، إحساس بالحر أو بالبرد، تعبير نغمي في الصوت، ارتفاع أو انخفاض الوزن، تساقط الشعر، تقلصات والام في العضلات.
- **خطر نشوء اضطراب في عملية شفاء الجروح** – قد لا تكون عملية شفاء الجروح سليمة خلال فترة العلاج باكسي-تيغف. يجب إخبار الطبيب إذا كنت ستخضع لجراحة ما قبل البدء بالعلاج أو خلال فترة العلاج باكسي-تيغف. يجب التوقف عن استعمال أكسي-تيغف قبل الجراحة المخطط لها بيومين على الأقل. سيخبرك الطبيب متى سيكون بإمكانك استئناف العلاج باكسي-تيغف بعد الجراحة.
- **Reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome (RPLS)** – يمكن أن تظهر هذه المتلازمة خلال فترة العلاج باكسي-تيغف. توجه فوراً إلى الطبيب إذا وُجد لديك: صداع، اختلاجات، ضعف، ارتباك، ارتفاع ضغط الدم، عسى أو تغيرات في الرؤية، اضطرابات في التفكير.
- **ارتفاع مستويات البروتين في البول** – سيحكك الطبيب إلى فحص مستويات البروتين في البول قبل العلاج باكسي-تيغف وخلاسه. إذا وُجد لديك بروتين في البول، فقد يقلل الطبيب الجرعة الدوائية أو يوقف العلاج.
- **مشاكل في الكبد** – سيحكك الطبيب إلى فحص الدم قبل العلاج باكسي-تيغف وخلاسه. يمكن أن يوجب الطبيب العلاج باكسي-تيغف أو يوقفه إذا نشأت لديك مشاكل خطيرة في الكبد. أخبر الطبيب فوراً إذا وُجد لديك أحد الأعراض التالية: لون أصفر في الجلد أو في العينين، غثيان أو تقيؤات شديدة، ألم في الجانب الأيمن من البطن، بول غامق (لون الشاي)، نزيف دموي أو ظهور متزايد لأورام دموية (هيماتوما).

- الأعراض الجانبية الأكثر شيوعاً لأكسي-تيغف تشمل على:
 - إسهال
 - ضغط دم مرتفع
 - شعور بالتعب أو بالضعف
 - انخفاض في الشهية
 - غثيان
 - بحة
 - طلع، احمرار، وخز أو تقشر الجلد في اليدين والرجلين
 - انخفاض الوزن
 - تقيؤ
 - إمساك

أعراض جانبية إضافية تشمل على:

قصور العدة الدرقية، الام المفصل، ضيق التنفس، ألم في البطن، ألم في الأطراف، بروتين في البول، تساقط الشعر، ألم في العضلات، نزيف دموي من الأنف (زغاف)، دم في البول، سعال دموي، سعال، التهاب في الأمعاء المخاطية، التهاب الأغشية المخاطية في الفم، صداع، طفح جلدي، اضطراب في حاسة الذوق، جلد جاف، صعوبات في الهضم، حكة، حماسي (إيرثيماتا، احمرار أو التهاب في الجلد)، تغيرات في العد الدموي، تغيرات في مستويات الهيموجلوبين، ارتفاع في مستويات إنزيمات البنكرياس، تغيرات في مستويات الإلكتروليتات (الكهارل) في الدم، ارتفاع في الكرياتينين، ارتفاع في إنزيمات الكبد، تغيرات في مستويات الجلوكوز في الدم، دوار، ألم في الجزء العلوي من البطن، تحمض، فقر الدم، بوسيس، طنين في الأذنين (رنين في الأذنين)، إحساس بالذغ في الفم، انحصام رئوي، نزيف دموي شرجي، خثار وردي عميق، انسدادوريد الشبكي، كثرة الكريات الحمر (ارتفاع مستويات الهيموجلوبين في الدم)، نوبة إقفارية عابرة.

أعراض جانبية بُلغ عنها بعد تسويق المستحضر (نظراً إلى أن التبليغ تطوعي ولا توجد إمكانية لتقدير حجم الفئة السكانية الذي يجري الحديث عنه، ليس من الممكن دائماً

- تقدير مدى الشروع بشكل موثوق أو تأسيس علاقة سببية بالتعرض للدواء):
 أم الدم وتمزق في الشرايين (بما في ذلك الشريان الأبهري).
 إذا ظهر عرض جانبي، إذا تفاقم أحد الأعراض الجانبية أو إذا عانيت من عرض جانبي لم يُذكر في هذه النشرة، فطليكَ استشارة الطبيب.
- بالإمكان التبليغ عن أعراض جانبية لوزارة الصحة بواسطة الضغط على الرابط "التبليغ عن أعراض جانبية عقب العلاج الدوائي" الموجود في الصفحة الرئيسية لموقع وزارة الصحة (www.health.gov.il) والذي يوجه إلى الاستمارة المتصلة للتبليغ عن أعراض جانبية، أو عن طريق الدخول إلى الرابط: <https://sideeffects.health.gov.il>
- 5. **كيف يجب تخزين الدواء؟**

• امنع التسمم! هذا الدواء، وأي دواء آخر، يجب حفظه في مكان مغلق بعيداً عن متناول أيدي الأولاد وأو الأطفال الرضع وعن مجال رؤيتهم، وبذلك ستمنع التسمم. لا تسبب التقيؤ بدون تعليمات صريحة من الطبيب.

• لا يجوز استعمال الدواء بعد تاريخ انتهاء الصلاحية (exp. date) المدون على العبوة. يشير تاريخ انتهاء الصلاحية إلى اليوم الأخير من ذلك الشهر.

• يجب التخزين فيما دون 25°C، في العبوة الأصلية للحماية من الرطوبة.

6. معلومات إضافية

بالإضافة إلى المركب الفعال، يحتوي الدواء أيضاً على:

Microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, hypromellose, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, titanium dioxide, iron oxide red and triacetin.

كيف يبدو الدواء وما هو محتوى العبوة

أكسي-تيغف 1 ملغ: قرص مطلي مستدير أحمر اللون مطبوع على أحد جانبيه A7TI، و-1 على الجانب الآخر.

أكسي-تيغف 3 ملغ: قرص مطلي إهليلجي أحمر اللون مطبوع على أحد جانبيه A7TI، و-3 على الجانب الآخر.

أكسي-تيغف 5 ملغ: قرص مطلي إهليلجي أحمر اللون مطبوع على أحد جانبيه A7TI، و-5 على الجانب الآخر.

أكسي-تيغف 7 ملغ: قرص مطلي إهليلجي أحمر اللون مطبوع على أحد جانبيه A7TI، و-7 على الجانب الآخر.

تسوّق الأقراص في عبوات بليستر تحتوي على 14، 28، 56 أو 60 قرصاً.

قد لا تسوّق جميع أحجام وأنواع العبوات.

اسم صاحب الامتياز وعنوانه

تيغف إسرائيل م.ض.

شارع دقفورا هانيفينا 124، تل أبيب 6944020

اسم المصنّع وعنوانه

سينتون، نايميخن، هولندا

تم تحرير النشرة في أيلول/سبتمبر 2025.

أرقام تسجيل الأدوية في سجل الأدوية الرسمي في وزارة الصحة:

أكسي-تيغف 1 ملغ: 179.92.37829

أكسي-تيغف 3 ملغ: 179.93.37830

أكسي-تيغف 5 ملغ: 179.94.37831

أكسي-تيغف 7 ملغ: 179.95.37832

من أجل التبسيط ولتسهيل القراءة، تمت صياغة هذه النشرة بصيغة المذكور. على الرغم من ذلك، فإن الدواء مخصص لكل الجنسين.

AXI-TEVA PIL MW0925

PATIENT LEAFLET IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PHARMACISTS' REGULATIONS (PREPARATIONS) – 1986

The medicine is dispensed with a doctor's prescription only

Axi-Teva 1 mg

Axi-Teva 3 mg

Axi-Teva 5 mg

Axi-Teva 7 mg

Film-coated tablets

Each tablet contains: axitinib 1 mg, 3 mg, 5 mg or 7 mg
 Inactive ingredients and allergens: see section 2 under "Important information about some of the ingredients of the medicine" and section 6 "Additional information".

Read the entire leaflet carefully before using the medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have additional questions, refer to the doctor or the pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed for treatment of your illness. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them even if it seems to you that their illness is similar.

1. WHAT IS THE MEDICINE INTENDED FOR?

Axi-Teva is intended for the treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC), after the failure of other medicinal therapy.

Therapeutic class: a medicine from the tyrosine kinase inhibitor group.

2. BEFORE USING THE MEDICINE

Do not use the medicine if:

- You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient or to any of the additional ingredients the medicine contains (listed in section 6).

Special warnings regarding the use of the medicine

Before treatment with Axi-Teva, tell the doctor if:

• You have high blood pressure. High blood pressure can develop during treatment with Axi-Teva. Blood pressure should be monitored before and during treatment with Axi-Teva.

• You have a history of blood clots in the arteries or veins, including stroke, heart attack or changes in vision.

• You have a history of heart failure.

• You suffer from bleeding (including in the digestive system). Inform the doctor if bleeding occurs.

• You are due to have surgery or have recently had surgery. Stop taking Axi-Teva at least two days before the planned surgery, and start using the medicine again only after consulting with the attending doctor.

• You have digestive system disorders. Diarrhea, nausea, vomiting and constipation can occur during treatment with Axi-Teva. Immediately seek medical treatment if you feel continuous or severe abdominal pain, as Axi-Teva can cause a perforation in the digestive system or a fistula.

• You have thyroid problems. The function of the thyroid gland should be monitored before starting treatment and during treatment with Axi-Teva.

• You experience a worsening of neurological function during treatment, including headache, seizures, tiredness, confusion, blindness, visual disturbances or other neurological disorders. These can be signs of a neurological disorder called reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome (RPLS).

• You have liver problems.

• You suffer from wounds that do not heal.

• You are pregnant or planning to become pregnant.

• You are breastfeeding or planning to breastfeed.

• You have or have had an aneurysm (distension and weakening of a blood vessel wall) or a tear in a blood vessel wall.

Children and adolescents

It is not known whether axitinib is effective and safe for use in children.

Tests and follow-up

Before starting to use the medicine and while using it, the doctor will refer you for tests: urine, blood pressure, thyroid function and liver enzymes.

Drug interactions

If you are taking, or have recently taken, other medicines including non-prescription medicines and nutritional supplements, tell the doctor or the pharmacist. Especially if you are taking:

• Medicines for treatment of asthma, tuberculosis, seizures, bacterial infection, fungal infection, depression or AIDS.

• Dexamethasone (an anti-inflammatory steroid), phenytoin, carbamazepine, phenobarbital (used, among other things, to treat epilepsy), rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentine (used to treat bacterial infections), St. John's wort (herbal remedy, Hypericum). Avoid using these medicines during treatment with Axi-Teva because these medicines reduce the level of the medicine in the blood.

• Bosentan (used to treat pulmonary hypertension), efavirenz, etravirine (used to treat AIDS), modafinil (used to increase alertness in patients who tend to be sleepy during the day) and nafcillin (used to treat bacterial infections). It is advisable to avoid using these medicines while taking Axi-Teva because they may reduce the level of Axi-Teva in the blood.

• Ketoconazole (used to treat fungal infection) increases the concentration of Axi-Teva in the blood, and therefore, taking these two medicines together should be avoided.

Use of the medicine and food

Do not eat grapefruit or drink grapefruit juice together with Axi-Teva. Grapefruit can increase the level of the medicine in the blood.

The medicine may be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

Inform the doctor if you are pregnant or are planning to become pregnant. Taking Axi-Teva during pregnancy can cause birth defects or miscarriages. Do not become pregnant during treatment with Axi-Teva.

Women of childbearing age should have a pregnancy test before starting treatment with Axi-Teva.

Use effective contraception methods during treatment and for one week after taking the last dose of Axi-Teva. Consult with the doctor about which contraception methods you can use during this period.

Men whose female partner is of childbearing age should use effective contraception methods during treatment and for one week after taking the last dose of Axi-Teva. If your partner becomes pregnant while you are being treated with Axi-Teva, inform the doctor immediately.

Inform the doctor if you are breastfeeding or planning to breastfeed. It is not known whether the medicine passes into breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for two weeks after taking the last dose of Axi-Teva.

Axi-Teva may cause fertility problems in women and men, which can affect the ability to become pregnant. If you have any concerns about this, refer to the doctor for advice.

Driving and operating machinery

You should be careful when driving or operating machinery, if you feel dizzy or tired during treatment with Axi-Teva.

Important information about some of the ingredients of the medicine

This preparation contains lactose. If you have been told by the doctor that you have an intolerance to certain sugars, refer to him before taking the medicine.

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol (23 mg) of sodium per film-coated tablet, and is therefore considered sodium-free.

3. HOW SHOULD YOU USE THE MEDICINE?

Always use the preparation according to the doctor's instructions.

Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are uncertain about the dosage and how to take the preparation.

The dosage and treatment regimen will be determined only by the doctor.

The generally accepted dosage is: a 5 mg tablet every 12 hours with or without food. The doctor may change the dosage based on your response to the medicine or due to a side effect (if any occur).

How to take the medicine: swallow the medicine whole with a glass of water.

No information is available regarding crushing/halving/chewing.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

If you accidentally took a higher dosage you may experience dizziness, high blood pressure, seizures caused by increased blood pressure or bloody cough, which may be fatal. Refer to the doctor promptly.

If you took an overdose or if a child accidentally swallowed this medicine, refer immediately to a doctor or to a hospital emergency room and take the package of the medicine with you.

If you forgot to take this medicine at the scheduled time, or if you vomited after taking it, do not take a double dose. Take the next dose at the usual time and consult a doctor.

Follow the treatment as recommended by the doctor.

Even if there is an improvement in your health condition, do not stop treatment with the medicine without consulting the doctor.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and

the dose every time you take a medicine. Wear glasses if you need them. If you have any other questions regarding use of the medicine, consult the doctor or the pharmacist.

4. SIDE EFFECTS

As with any medicine, using Axi-Teva may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed when reading the list of side effects. You may not suffer from any of them.

Axi-Teva may cause serious side effects, including:

• **High blood pressure – high blood pressure is common during treatment with Axi-Teva, and may sometimes be severe.** The doctor will monitor your blood pressure regularly during treatment. If there is a rise in your blood pressure during treatment, the doctor may prescribe you a medicine to lower blood pressure, lower the dosage of Axi-Teva or stop the treatment.

• **Blood clots in the veins or arteries** – Axi-Teva may cause blood clots which may be serious, and sometimes life-threatening. **Seek medical assistance urgently and call the doctor if you have any of the following symptoms:** pain or tightness in the chest, pain in the arms, back, neck or jaw, shortness of breath, feeling of numbness or weakness in one side of the body, speech disturbances, headache, changes in vision.

• **Bleeding** – Axi-Teva may cause bleeding which may be serious and sometimes life-threatening. **Call the doctor immediately or seek medical assistance if you have any of the following symptoms:**

○ Unexpected bleeding or bleeding that lasts a long time, such as: unusual bleeding from the gums, menstrual or vaginal bleeding that is heavier than usual, severe or uncontrolled bleeding, pink or brown colored urine, red or black stool (that looks like tar), a bruise that gets larger or happens without a known cause, bloody cough or cough with blood clots, bloody vomit or vomit that looks like coffee grounds.

○ Sudden pain, swelling or joint pain.

○ Headache, dizziness or weakness.

• **Heart failure** – the doctor will regularly monitor the signs and symptoms of heart failure during treatment with Axi-Teva. Heart failure may be serious and sometimes life-threatening. Tell the doctor if you suffer from any of the following symptoms during treatment with Axi-Teva: tiredness, swelling in the abdomen area, legs or ankles, shortness of breath, protruding neck vein.

• **Tear in the stomach or intestinal wall** – a tear in the stomach or intestinal wall can be serious and sometimes life-threatening. **Seek medical assistance urgently if you have any of the following symptoms:** severe abdominal pain or abdominal pain that does not go away, bloody vomit, red or black stool.

• **Thyroid problems** – the doctor will refer you for a thyroid function test before and during treatment with Axi-Teva. Tell the doctor if you suffer from any of the following symptoms during treatment with Axi-Teva: tiredness that worsens or does not go away, feeling hot or cold, change in voice tone, weight gain or loss, hair loss, cramps and muscle pain.

• **Risk of wound healing disorder** – the process of wound healing may be abnormal during treatment with Axi-Teva. Tell the doctor if you are about to undergo any surgery before starting treatment or during treatment with Axi-Teva. Stop taking Axi-Teva at least two days before the planned surgery. The doctor will tell you when you can restart the treatment with Axi-Teva after surgery.

• **Reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome (RPLS)** – this syndrome can occur during treatment with Axi-Teva. Refer to the doctor immediately if you have: headache, seizures, weakness, confusion, rise in blood pressure, blindness or changes in vision, thinking disturbances.

• **Increased levels of protein in the urine** – the doctor will refer you for a test of protein levels in the urine before and during treatment with Axi-Teva. If you have protein in the urine, the doctor may reduce the dosage of the medicine or stop the treatment.

• **Liver problems** – the doctor will refer you for blood tests before and during treatment with Axi-Teva. The doctor may delay or stop the treatment with Axi-Teva if you develop severe liver problems. Tell the doctor immediately if you have any of the following symptoms: yellow tint to the skin or eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain in the right side of the abdomen, dark urine (tea colored), bleeding or increased occurrence of hematomas.

The most common side effects of Axi-Teva include:

• Diarrhea

• High blood pressure

• Feeling of tiredness or weakness

• Decreased appetite

• Nausea

• Hoarseness

• Rash, redness, tingling or peeling of the skin in the hands and feet

• Weight loss

• Vomiting

• Constipation

Other side effects include:

Underactive thyroid gland, joint pain, shortness of breath, abdominal pain, pain in the limbs, protein in the urine, hair loss, muscle pain, nose bleeding, blood in the urine, coughing up blood, cough, inflammation of the mucous membranes, inflammation of the oral mucosa, headache, rash, disturbance in the sense of taste, dry skin, digestive difficulties, itch, erythema (redness or inflammation of the skin), changes in blood count, changes in hemoglobin levels, increase in the levels of pancreas enzymes, changes in blood electrolyte levels, increased creatinine, increased liver enzymes, changes in blood glucose levels, dizziness, upper abdominal pain, dehydration, anemia, hemorrhoids, tinnitus (ringing in the ear), burning sensation in the mouth, pulmonary embolism, rectal bleeding, deep vein thrombosis, blockage of the retinal vein, polycythemia (increased levels of hemoglobin in the blood), transient ischemic attack.

Side effects reported after marketing of the preparation (since reporting is voluntary and it is impossible to estimate the size of the population in question, it is not always possible to reliably estimate the frequency or to establish a causal link to exposure to the medicine):

Aneurysm and tear in the arteries (including the aorta).

If a side effect occurs, if one of the side effects worsens, or if you suffer from a side effect not mentioned in this leaflet, consult the doctor.

Side effects may be reported to the Ministry of Health by clicking on the link "Report side effects due to medicinal treatment" found on the Ministry of Health website homepage (www.health.gov.il), which will direct you to the online form for reporting side effects, or by clicking on the following link: <https://sideeffects.health.gov.il>

5. HOW TO STORE THE MEDICINE?

• Avoid poisoning! This medicine and any other medicine must be kept in a closed place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting without an explicit instruction from the doctor.

• Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) appearing on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

• Store below 25°C, in the original package in order to protect from moisture.

6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In addition to the active ingredient, the medicine also contains:

Microcrystalline cellulose, lactose monohydrate, hypromellose, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, titanium dioxide, iron oxide red and triacetin.

What does the medicine look like and what are the characteristics of the package?

Axi-Teva 1 mg: a red, round, film-coated tablet, debossed with A7TI on one side and 1 on the other side.

Axi-Teva 3 mg: a red, oval, film-coated tablet, debossed with A7TI on one side and 3 on the other side.

Axi-Teva 5 mg: a red, oval, film-coated tablet, debossed with A7TI on one side and 5 on the other side.

Axi-Teva 7 mg: a red, oval, film-coated tablet, debossed with A7TI on one side and 7 on the other side.

The tablets are marketed in blister packages containing 14, 28, 56 or 60 tablets.

Not all package sizes and types may be marketed.

Name and address of the license holder

Teva Israel Ltd.

124 Dvora HaNevi'a St., Tel Aviv 6944020

Name and address of the manufacturer

Synthon, Nijmegen, The Netherlands

The leaflet was revised in September 2025.

Registration numbers of the medicines in the National Drug Registry of the Ministry of Health:

Axi-Teva 1 mg: 179.92.37829

Axi-Teva 3 mg: 179.93.37830

Axi-Teva 5 mg: 179.94.37831

Axi-Teva 7 mg: 179.95.37832

AXI-TEVA PIL MW0925

teva